Properties of Sound Waves

Read from Lesson 2 of the Sound and Music chapter at The Physics Classroom:

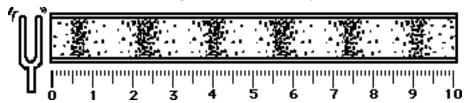
http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/sound/u1112a.html http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/sound/u11l2b.html http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/sound/u1112c.html

MOP Connection: Sound and Music: sublevel 2

Review:

Match the following wave quantities to the *mini-definition*. Place the letter in the blank.

- A. Frequency
- B. Period
- C. Speed
- D. Wavelength
- E. Amplitude
- 1. **How fast** the wave moves through the medium.
- 2. **How long** the wave is.
 - 3. **How often** the particles vibrate about their fixed position.
 - 4. **How much time** it takes the particles to complete a vibrational cycle.
- 5. **How far** the particles vibrate away from their resting position.
- A sound wave with its characteristic pattern of compressions and rarefactions is shown below. A centimeter ruler is included below the pattern. The wavelength of this sound wave is _____ cm.



- The pitch of a sound is directly related to the _ _ of the sound wave.
 - a. frequency
- b. wavelength
- c. speed
- d. amplitude

- High pitched sounds have relatively large _
 - a. period, wavelength
 - c. frequency, wavelength
 - e. amplitude, wavelength

- b. speed, period
- __ and small d. period, frequency
- f. amplitude, speed
- As the frequency of a sound increases, the wavelength _____ and the period _____.
 - a. increases, decreases

- b. decreases, increases
- c. increases, increases
- d. decreases, decreases
- 10. A sound wave is described as being 384 waves/s. This quantity describes the wave's
 - a. frequency
- b. period
- c. speed
- d. wavelength

- 11. The speed of a sound wave depends upon the
 - a. frequency of the wave

b. wavelength of the wave

c. amplitude of the wave

- d. properties of the medium through which it moves
- 12. If a person yells (as opposed to whispering), then it will cause _____.
 - a. air molecules to vibrate more frequently
 - b. the sound wave to travel faster
 - c. air molecules to vibrate with greater amplitude
- 13. If a person yells (as opposed to whispering), then it will cause . .
 - a. the pitch of the sound to be higher
 - b. the speed of the sound to be faster
 - c. the loudness of the sound to be louder