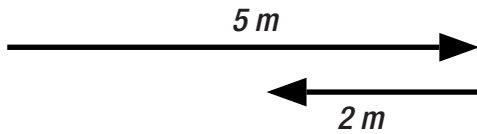


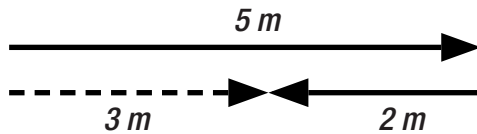
**Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.**

1. A dog runs 5 m to the right then comes back 2 m to the left.

a. Draw a vector diagram of the dog's movement.



b. Use the tip-to-tail method to determine how far the dog moves from its initial position.

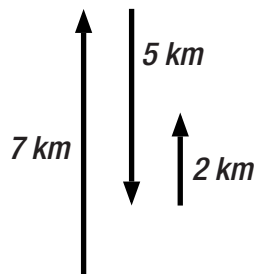


c. Find the resultant displacement mathematically.

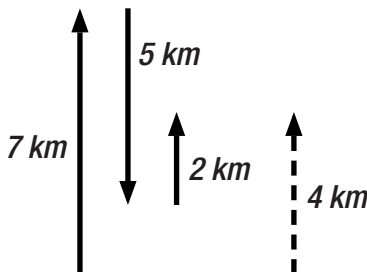
$$5\text{ m} - 2\text{ m} = 3\text{ m to the right}$$

2. A passenger rides the subway 7 km north, 5 km south, then 2 km north.

a. Draw a vector diagram of the passenger's movement on the subway.



b. Use the tip-to-tail method to determine how far the passenger travels from her initial position.



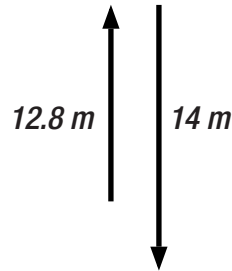
c. Find the resultant displacement mathematically.

$$7\text{ km} - 5\text{ km} + 2\text{ km} = 4\text{ km north}$$

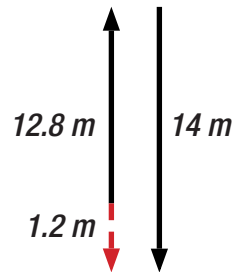
Work each of the following problems. **SHOW ALL WORK.**

3. A rocket launched from an initial height of 1.2 m reaches a height of 14 m then falls to the ground.

a. Draw a vector diagram of the rocket's movement.



b. How far away vertically does the rocket land from its initial position?



c. Find the resultant displacement mathematically.

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$$-14 \text{ m} + 12.8 \text{ m} = -1.2 \text{ m (or 1.2 m below its original position)}$$

4. While completing an obstacle course, a runner moves 30 m north, 20 m south, then another 5 m north. At the end of the course, how far away is the runner from his starting point?

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*Make north the positive direction and south the negative direction:*

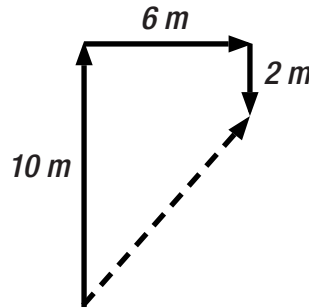
$$R_{TOT} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$$

$$R_{TOT} = 30 \text{ m} - 20 \text{ m} + 5 \text{ m}$$

$$R_{TOT} = 15 \text{ m north}$$

Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

5. Two children chase each other through a playground, running 10 m north, 6 m east, then 2 m south. At the end of the game, how far are the children from where they started? Use a component table to solve.



Vector	x-component	y-component
1	0 m	+ 10 m
2	+ 6 m	0 m
3	0 m	- 2 m
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+ 6 m</b>	<b>+ 8 m</b>

$$R = \sqrt{(\Sigma x)^2 + (\Sigma y)^2}$$

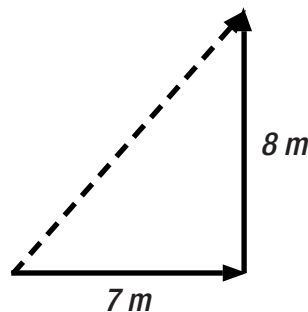
$$R = \sqrt{(6 \text{ m})^2 + (8 \text{ m})^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{36 \text{ m}^2 + 64 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{100 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$R = 10 \text{ m north of east}$$

6. The local high school is installing new bleachers at the stadium and must also add handrails to meet code. The students know the bleachers are 8 m tall, and they measure the depth of the bleachers at 7 m. How long must the handrails be to go along the bleachers from bottom to top? Use a component table to solve.



Vector	x-component	y-component
1	0 m	8 m
2	7 m	0 m
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>7 m</b>	<b>8 m</b>

$$R = \sqrt{(\Sigma x)^2 + (\Sigma y)^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{(7 \text{ m})^2 + (8 \text{ m})^2}$$

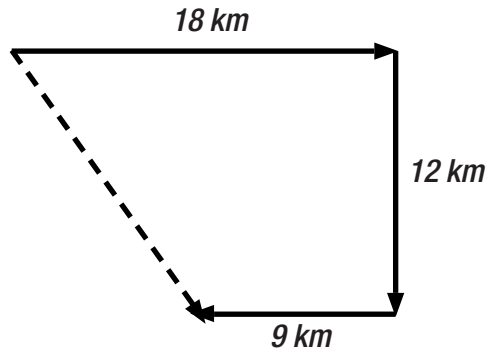
$$R = \sqrt{49 \text{ m}^2 + 64 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{113 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$R = 10.63 \text{ m}$$

Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

7. How far away from her initial position is a cyclist who travels 18 km east, 12 km south, and 9 km west during her ride? Use a component table to solve.



Vector	x-component	y-component
1	+ 18 km	0 km
2	0 km	- 12 km
3	- 9 km	0 km
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9 km</b>	<b>- 12 km</b>

$$R^2 = \sqrt{(\Sigma x)^2 + (\Sigma y)^2}$$

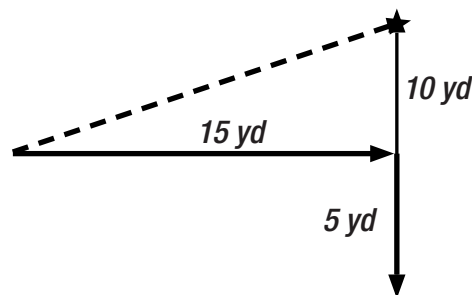
$$R^2 = \sqrt{(9 \text{ km})^2 + (-12 \text{ km})^2}$$

$$R^2 = \sqrt{81 \text{ km}^2 + 144 \text{ km}^2}$$

$$R^2 = \sqrt{225 \text{ km}^2}$$

$$R = 15 \text{ km south of east}$$

8. While performing the halftime show on Friday night, a marcher completes a path that is 15 yd east, 5 yd south, and 10 yd north. How far is the marcher from his initial position? Use a component table to solve.



Vector	x-component	y-component
1	+ 15 yd	0 yd
2	0 yd	- 5 yd
3	0 yd	+ 10 yd
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+ 15 yd</b>	<b>+ 5 yd</b>

$$R^2 = \sqrt{(\Sigma x)^2 + (\Sigma y)^2}$$

$$R^2 = \sqrt{(15 \text{ yd})^2 + (5 \text{ yd})^2}$$

$$R^2 = \sqrt{225 \text{ yd}^2 + 25 \text{ yd}^2}$$

$$R^2 = \sqrt{250 \text{ yd}^2}$$

$$R = 15.81 \text{ yd north of east}$$