

#### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

1. A soccer ball is kicked horizontally off a cliff with an initial speed of 8 m/s and lands 16 m from the base of the cliff.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline v_x = 8 \frac{m}{s} & v_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = 16 m & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ v_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = ? \end{array}$$

a. What is the time of flight of the soccer ball?

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$8 \frac{m}{s} = \frac{16 m}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{16 m}{8 \frac{m}{s}}$$

$$t = 2 s$$

b. What is the height of the cliff?

$$d_{y} = v_{i}t + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$$

$$d_{y} = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})(2s)$$

$$d_{y} = 19.6 m$$

2. A ball is thrown horizontally from a height of 1 m and lands 5 m away.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline v_x = ? & v_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = 5m & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ v_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = 1m \end{array}$$

a. What is the time of flight of the ball?

$$d_{y} = V_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$

$$1m = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$1m = (4.9^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$0.204 s^{2} = t^{2}$$

$$t = 0.452 s$$

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#### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

b. What is the initial velocity of the ball?

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$v_{x} = \frac{5m}{0.452 \text{ s}}$$

$$v_{x} = 11.06 \frac{m}{s}$$

3. A potato gun is fired horizontally from a height of 1.5 meters with the potato launched at 25 m/s.

a. What is the time of flight of the potato?

$$d_{y} = V_{i_{y}}t + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$$

$$1.5 m = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$1.5 m = (4.9^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$0.306 s^{2} = t^{2}$$

$$t = 0.553 s$$

b. How far from the gun will the potato land?

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$25 \frac{m}{s} = \frac{d_{x}}{0.553 s}$$

$$d_{x} = 13.83 m$$

4. A water park is designing a new water slide that finishes with the rider flying horizontally off the bottom of the slide. The slide is designed to end 1.2 m above the water level, and the average rider is estimated to leave the bottom of the slide at 25 m/s. How far will the rider fly through the air before hitting the water?

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} x & y \\ \hline v_x = 25 \frac{m}{s} & v_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = ? & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ v_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = 1.2 m \end{array}$$

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#### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

Solve for time of flight first using y-components:

$$d_{y} = v_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$

$$1.2 m = (0 \ \text{m/s})t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8 \ \text{m/s}^{2})t^{2}$$

$$1.2 m = (4.9 \ \text{m/s}^{2})t^{2}$$

$$0.245 \ \text{s}^{2} = t^{2}$$

$$t = 0.495 \ \text{s}$$
*Next solve for d<sub>x</sub>:*

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$25 \ \text{m/s} = \frac{d_{x}}{0.495 \ \text{s}}$$

$$d_{x} = 12.38 \ \text{m}$$

5. A marble rolls horizontally off a table that is 0.8 m tall. If the marble lands 0.6 m from the base of the table, what is the initial velocity of the marble?

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} x & y \\ \hline v_x = ? & V_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = 0.6 m & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ v_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = 0.8 m \end{array}$$

Solve for time of flight first using y-components:

$$d_{y} = v_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$
  

$$0.8 m = (0 \frac{m}{s})t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8 \frac{m}{s})t^{2}$$
  

$$0.8 m = (4.9 \frac{m}{s})t^{2}$$
  

$$0.163 s^{2} = t^{2}$$
  

$$t = 0.404 s$$

Next solve for  $v_x$ :

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$v_{x} = \frac{0.6 m}{0.404 s}$$

$$v_{x} = 1.49 \frac{m}{s}$$

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### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

6. The launch velocity of a toy car launcher is determined to be 5 m/s. If the car is to be launched from a height of 0.5 m, where should a target be placed so that the toy car lands on it?

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{y} \\ \hline \mathbf{v}_x = 5 \frac{m}{s} & \mathbf{v}_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = ? & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ \mathbf{v}_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = 0.5 m \end{array}$$

Solve for time of flight first using y-components:

$$d_{y} = V_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$
  

$$0.5 m = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$
  

$$0.5 m = (4.9^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$
  

$$0.102 s^{2} = t^{2}$$
  

$$t = 0.319 s$$

Next solve for d<sub>x</sub>:

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$5 \frac{m}{s} = \frac{d_{x}}{0.319 s}$$

$$d_{x} = 1.60 m$$

7. A stunt car traveling at 20 m/s flies horizontally off a cliff and lands 39.2 m from the base of the cliff. How tall is the cliff?

X	У
 $20 \frac{m}{s}$ 39.2 m $\frac{d_x}{t}$	$V_{i_y} = 0$ $a = g = 9.8 \ m/s^2$ $d_y = ?$



#### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

Solve for time of flight first using x-components:

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$20 \frac{m}{s} = \frac{39.2 m}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{39.2 m}{20 s}$$

$$t = 1.96 s$$

Next solve for d<sub>v</sub>:

$$d_{y} = V_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$
  

$$d_{y} = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})(1.96 s)^{2}$$
  

$$d_{y} = 18.82 m$$

8. A blow dart is fired horizontally from a height of 1.2 meters. If the dart hits a target that is 0.6 m high and 12 m away, what is the initial velocity of the dart?

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} x & y \\ v_x = ? & v_{i_y} = 0 \\ d_x = 12m & a = g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ v_x = \frac{d_x}{t} & d_y = 1.2m \end{array}$$

Solve for time of flight first using y-components:

$$d_{y} = v_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$

$$1.2 m = (0 \ {}^{m}/s) t + \frac{1}{2} (9.8 \ {}^{m}/s^{2}) t^{2}$$

$$1.2 m = (4.9 \ {}^{m}/s^{2}) t^{2}$$

$$0.245 \ {s}^{2} = t^{2}$$

$$t = 0.495 \ {s}$$
*Next solve for*  $v_{x}$ :

$$V_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$
$$V_{x} = \frac{12 m}{0.495 s}$$
$$V_{x} = 24.24 \frac{m}{s}$$

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#### Work each of the following problems. SHOW ALL WORK.

9. A B-52 bomber jet flies at a horizontal velocity of 286.2 m/s and at an altitude of 7500 m above the ground. How far away horizontally should a payload be dropped to land on a target?

Solve for time of flight first using y-components:

$$d_{y} = v_{i_{y}} t + \frac{1}{2} at^{2}$$

$$7500 m = (0^{m}/s)t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$7500 m = (4.9^{m}/s^{2})t^{2}$$

$$1530.6 s^{2} = t^{2}$$

$$t = 39.12 s$$

Next solve for d<sub>x</sub>:

$$v_{x} = \frac{d_{x}}{t}$$

$$286.2 \, \frac{m}{s} = \frac{d_{x}}{39.12 \, s}$$

$$d_{x} = 11197 \, m$$