

Work each of the following problems. **SHOW ALL WORK.**

1. How far from above the center point of the screen will the first minimum be when red light, with a wavelength of $7.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ that passes through a single slit that is $2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$ that is 0.50 m from the screen?

$$m = 1$$

$$\lambda = 7.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$a = 2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$L = 0.50 \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{a}$$

$$y = \frac{(1)(7.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.50 \text{ m})}{(2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m})}$$

$$y = 0.0175 \text{ m}$$

2. The first minimum line is $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$ above the center of the screen when blue light, with a wavelength of $4.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$, is shown upon a single slit that is $4.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$ wide. How far is the screen from the slit?

$$m = 1$$

$$\lambda = 4.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$a = 4.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$y = 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{a}$$

$$(5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}) = \frac{(1)(4.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})L}{(4.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m})}$$

$$L = 0.44 \text{ m}$$

3. What is the wavelength of light that is shown upon a single slit that is $6.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$ wide and is $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$ from a screen on which the third minimum is $2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ below the central maximum?

$$m = 3$$

$$a = 6.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$y = 2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$L = 1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{a}$$

$$(2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}) = \frac{(3)\lambda(1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m})}{(6.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m})}$$

$$\lambda = 4.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

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Unit 6H_Practice Problems TEACHER

Work each of the following problems. **SHOW ALL WORK.**

4. Which minimum is located 0.09 m above the center of the screen that is located 0.6 m from a single slit that is 1.0×10^{-5} m wide for light with a wavelength of 5.0×10^{-7} m?

$$a = 1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$y = 0.09 \text{ m}$$

$$L = 0.6 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{a}$$

$$(0.09 \text{ m}) = \frac{m(5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.6 \text{ m})}{(1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m})}$$

$$m = 3$$

5. How far above the center point of the screen will the second bright spot be when green light, with a wavelength of 5.0×10^{-7} m that passes through two slits that are 7.5×10^{-5} m apart shines on a screen that is 0.10 m from the slits?

$$b = 7.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$L = 0.10 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$m = 2$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{b}$$

$$y = \frac{(2)(5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.10 \text{ m})}{(7.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m})}$$

$$y = 1.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

6. The first maximum line is 2.5×10^{-5} m above the center of a screen when orange light, with a wavelength of 6.0×10^{-7} m, is shown upon two slits that are 5.0×10^{-4} m apart. How far is the screen from the slits?

$$b = 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$y = 2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 6.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$m = 1$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{b}$$

$$2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m} = \frac{(1)(6.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})L}{(5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m})}$$

$$L = 2.08 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

Work each of the following problems. **SHOW ALL WORK.**

7. A screen is located 0.30 m from a barrier with two slits. Violet light, with a wavelength of 4.0×10^{-7} m, is shown upon the barrier. If the third maximum is 0.06 m above the center of the screen, how far apart are the two slits from each other?

$$L = 0.30 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 0.06 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 4.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$m = 3$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{b}$$

$$0.06 \text{ m} = \frac{(3)(4.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.30 \text{ m})}{b}$$

$$b = 6.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

8. Which maximum is located 0.04 m above the center of the screen that is located 0.34 m from a barrier with two slits that are separated by 2.0×10^{-5} m when yellow light, with a wavelength of 5.8×10^{-7} m?

$$L = 0.34 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 0.04 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 5.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$b = 2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{b}$$

$$0.04 \text{ m} = \frac{m(5.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.34 \text{ m})}{2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}}$$

$$m = 4.06$$

9. Where will the first minimum be located when green light, with a wavelength of 5.5×10^{-7} m, is shown upon a barrier with two slits separated by 2.5×10^{-5} m upon a screen that is 0.75 m from the barrier?

$$L = 0.75 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 0.5$$

$$\lambda = 5.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$b = 2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$y = \frac{m\lambda L}{b}$$

$$y = \frac{(0.5)(5.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m})(0.75 \text{ m})}{2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}}$$

$$y = 8.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$